

OVERVIEW OF US MEDICAL DEVICE REQUIREMENTS

US STATES COVID-19 EUAS

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WHEN YOU NEED TO BE SURE

SGS

Matthew McGarrity



- § Matt joined the CRS Hardlines group at SGS in 2010.
- § He specializes in regulatory, industry requirements, and quality testing.
- Matt focus is on medical PPE, tools, environmental exposure, and accelerated aging.
- As a senior technical manager of Hardlines, Matt designs and manages NBE (National Brand Equivalency) and benchmark testing programs.
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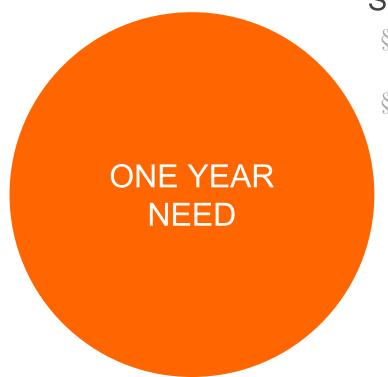


- n Overview of Medical PPE Situation
- n United States Medical Device Processes/Classes
- n FDA's Response to COVID-19
- Product Specific Requirements
 - § Medical Masks
 - Medical Gloves
 - Medical Gowns



SITUATION OVERVIEW

- Need RAPID expansion of supply base.
- Per Department of Health and Human Service
 - § Just one year of pandemic □ 3.5 billion N95 respirators.
 - § The Strategic National Stockpile □ 12 million N95 respirators and 20 million surgical masks.



Stockpile







MEDICAL PPE – CLASSIFICATIONS



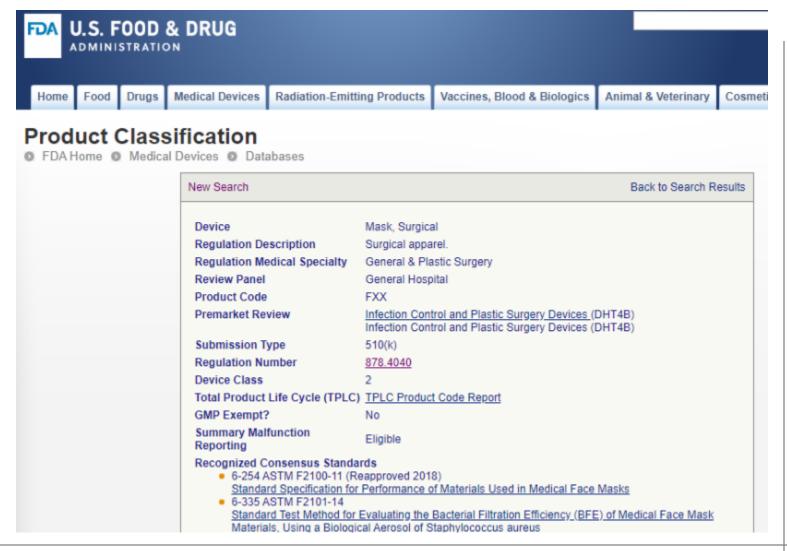
- n FDA regulates the sale of medical device products in the U.S. and monitors the safety of all regulated medical products.
 - § The Center for Devices and Radiological Health (CDRH) is the FDA center responsible for overseeing the medical device program.
- Each device is assigned to one of three risked-based regulatory classes: Class I, Class II or Class III.
 - Medical PPE largely fall within the Class I and Class II categories.



MEDICAL PPE – FDA PROCESS

- Determine FDA Product Code
- n FDA assigns product codes (e.g. FXX) to a product type, these codes will determine
 - § Applicable requirements
 - § Device Class (e.g. Class II),
 - Recognized Consensus Standards (e.g. ASTM F2100).
- n Submission Type (e.g. 510(k)),
 - § Or Exemption
- n Can be searched for online database
 - https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfPCD/cl assification.cfm







MEDICAL PPE – FDA PROCESS

- n Premarket 510(k) premarket notification
 - § Application submitted to FDA minimum 90 days in advance.
- n Demonstrates to FDA the device to be marketed is as safe and effective, that is, substantially equivalent, to a legally marketed device
- n Standard medical PPE are "cleared medical" devices, which are devices that FDA determines substantially equivalent to (similar) another legally marketed device.
- n 21 CFR Part 80
 - § Establishment Registration
 - § Medical Device Listing



MEDICAL PPE – FDA PROCESS

n Establishment Registration:

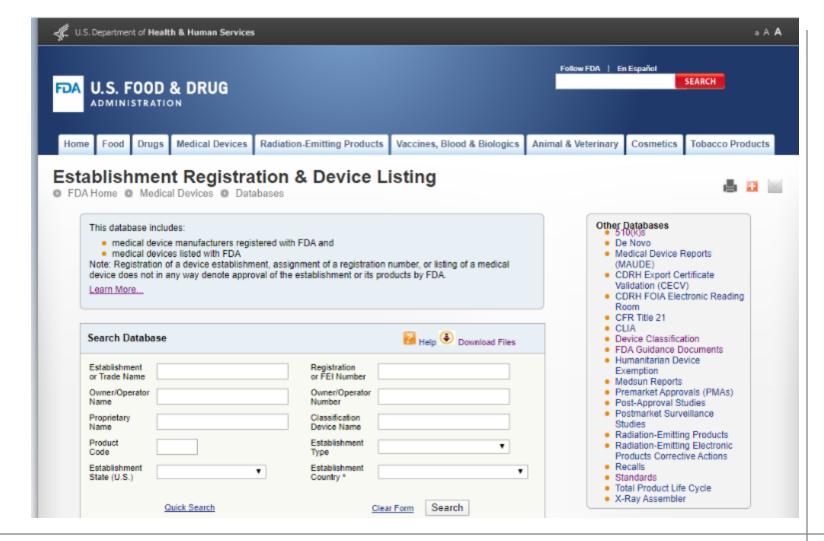
 Owners or operators of places of business (also called establishments or facilities) that are involved in the production and distribution of medical devices intended for use in the United States (U.S.)

n Medical Device Listing

- § Manufacturers must list their devices with the FDA. Establishments required to list their devices include:
- n Required to register annually with the FDA.



SGS MEDICAL PPE – FDA PROCESS





Step	Class I	Class II	
Classify Device	Lower risk, simple design,	Medium risk, more complex design	
Manufacturing	Manufacture their devices in accordance with Good Manufacturing Practices		
Determine 510(k) Applicability	May or may not require 510(k) premarket notification	Likely requires 510(k) premarket submission, may have regulatory controls.	
Prepare and Submit 510(k)	Must demonstrate that the new device is cleared as "substantially equivalent" to a predicate device in terms of intended use, technological characteristics, and performance testing, as needed.		
Meet Regulatory Controls	General Controls requirements (e.g. misbranding)	Special Controls (e.g. performance standard.	
Registration and Listing	A device facility must register its establishment and list its devices with the FDA. Must wait until it receives FDA clearance or approval before registering and listing.		



MEDICAL DEVICE PROCESS – COVID-19

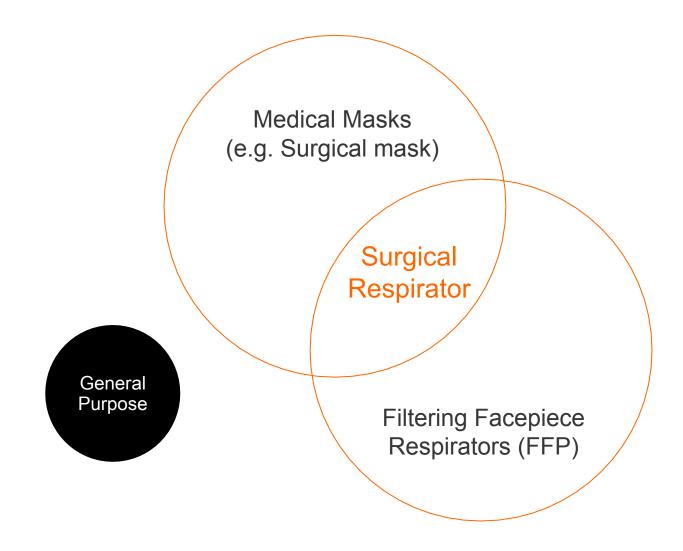
- n FDA has released Emergency Use Authorizations (EUA's) to address medical PPE shortage during pandemic.
 - § Easing/waiving some regulatory requirements of PPE.
 - § https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/emergency-situationsmedical-devices/emergency-use-authorizations
- n Allows unapproved medical products or unapproved uses of approved medical products in emergency when there are no adequate, approved, and available alternatives
 - § Requires FDA review of performance, safety and labeling •
 Allows devices not FDA-cleared or approved to be marketed in the U.S.
 - Waives FDA cGMP and the quality system requirements, 21
 CFR Part 820 (design, manufacture, packaging, labeling, storage, and distribution)
 - In effect for the duration of the national emergency





SGS TYPES OF DISPOSABLE FACIAL PROTECTION

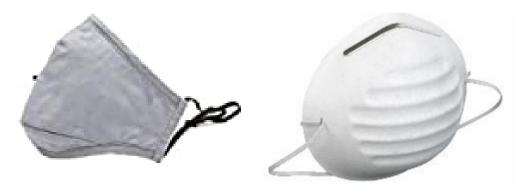




SGS GENERAL PURPOSE FACE MASKS



- User: General use
- Fit: Universal, loose fitting
- Protection:
 - § Not intended for medical procedures or protection from a specific hazard.
 - Not intended for use to prevent disease or illness, and thus does not fall under scope of FDA.



PROCEDURAL/SURGICAL MASK REQUIREMENTS



- n Use/User: Single use, intended to provide providing healthcare services such as surgery and patient care.
- Protection: Fluid resistant and provides the wearer protection against large droplets, splashes, or sprays of bodily or other hazardous fluids.
 - Surgical masks are made in different thicknesses and with different ability to protect you from contact with liquids
 - § Protects the patient from the wearer's respiratory emissions
- Fit: Ear looped (loose fitting), surgical masks may have ties for a tighter fit.

PROCEDURAL/SURGICAL MASK REQUIREMENTS

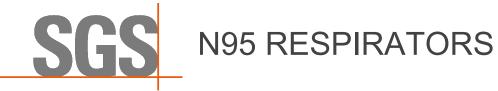
- n General (non-surgical) medical face mask regulated under 21 CFR 878.4040 as "general surgical apparel".
 - § Class I Medical Devices
 - § FDA product code LYU
 - § 510(k) pre market notification Exempt
- n Surgical masks are regulated under 21 CFR 878.4040.
 - Class II Medical Devices
 - § FDA product code FXX
 - § Requires 510(k) pre market notification
- "FDA has identified the risks to health generally associated with the use of the surgical masks
 - Sontained in ASTM F2100 (FDA consensus standard)



PROCEDURAL/SURGICAL MASK REQUIREMENTS

- n ASTM F2100: Standard Specification for Performance of Materials Used in Medical Face Masks
- n Scope: Covers the minimum performance requirements for materials used in the construction of medical face masks.
- n Use: US medical facemask industry standard, outlines test methods for classifying three levels of mask performance.

Characteristic	Cited Method	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Bacterial filtration efficiency, %	ASTM F2101	≥95	≥98	≥98
Differential pressure, mm H2O/cm ²	EN 14683:2019, Annex C.	<5.0	<6.0	<6.0
Particulate filtration efficiency	ASTM F2299	≥85	≥98	≥98
Synthetic blood penetration resistance, minimum pressure in mm Hg	ASTM F1862	80	120	160
Flame Spread	16 CFR 1610	Class 1	Class 1	Class 1





- n Use/User: Single use, workers requiring advanced respiratory protection.
 - N = No Oil, R = Oil May Be Present, P = Oil is Present
- n Two categories:
 - § Industrial/Construction □ General N95
 - § Healthcare Settings

 Surgical N95
- Protection: Protects against very small airborne particles (e.g. asbestos, bacteria)
- n Fit: Tight seal around users mouth and nose
 - The proper seal of N95 filter media enables efficient filtration of at least 95 percent of very small (0.3 micron) test particles.



- CDC's NIOSH and OSHA regulate N95's
- Manufacturers must apply for NIOSH approval by submitting
 - performance tests,
 - drawings, packaging and label copy, detailed user instructions,
 - a product quality plan, and
 - a quality assurance manual for its manufacturing facility



SURGICAL N95

- n N95s, single-use, disposable respiratory protective devices worn by healthcare workers during procedures
- n Must meet FDA surgical mask standards
 - § Tested for fluid resistance, BFE, PFE, flammability and biocompatibility
- n Must meet NIOSH N95 requirements
 - § Tested to N95 requirements





SURGICAL N95

- n Distinction: Protect both doctor AND patient from the transfer of
 - § microorganisms,
 - § body fluids, and
 - § particulate material
- Surgical N95 respirators are class II devices regulated by the FDA, under 21 CFR 878.4040, and CDC NIOSH under 42 CFR Part 84.
 - § Class II Medical Devices
 - § FDA Product Code: MSH
 - § Requires 501(k)



	Surgical/Medical Mask	N95 Respirator	Surgical N95 Respirator
Regulator	Cleared by FDA (Code FXX)	Approved by NIOSH	NIOSH, FDA (Code MSH)
Intended Use and Purpose	Fluid resistant and protection against large droplets, splashes, or sprays of bodily or other hazardous fluids.	Reduces wearer's exposure to particles including small particle aerosols and large droplets (only non-oil aerosols)	Protect both the patient and health care personnel from the transfer of microorganisms, body fluids, and particulate material.
Face Seal Fit	Loose Fitting	Tight Fitting	
Respiratory Protection	Does not provide respiratory protection	Filters out at least 95% of airborn small particles	ne particles including large and
Leakage	Yes, around edges of mask.	If properly sealed/fit to face, no.	
Use	Disposable Single Use	Disposable Single Use (although emergencies)	can be re-used in



- n Enforcement Policy
 - § https://www.fda.gov/media/136449/download
- n EUA
 - § https://www.fda.gov/media/137121/download
- n EUA for Medical Masks □ FDA temporarily waives:
 - § 501(k) Premarket Notification
 - § Registration and Listing requirements in 21 CFR 807
 - § Others...
- n No claims regarding COVID-19
- n Establishes two categories:
 - § Face Masks Intended for a Medical Purpose that are NOT Intended to Provide Liquid Barrier Protection
 - Surgical Masks Intended to Provide Liquid Barrier Protect



- n Face Masks Intended for a Medical Purpose that are NOT Intended to Provide Liquid Barrier Protection (non-surgical masks).
- n Cannot have labeling that misrepresents intended use
 - § Accurately describe product as face mask, with body contact
 - § Includes labeling against use in clinical setting
 - § Doesn't have liquid protection claim, anti-microbial or antiviral claims
 - § The product is not labeled as a respiratory protective device, or use in high risk aerosol generating procedure.
- n Can be used as "source control" to prevent spread of COVID-19.
 - § Additional labeling requirements within EUA.



- n Surgical Masks Intended to Provide Liquid Barrier Protection, that:
- n Physical Requirements:
 - § Fluid Resistant per ASTM F1862
 - § Passes 16 CFR 1610 Flammability
- n Labeling Requirements:
 - § Describe product as surgical mask, with body contacts
 - § Cannot have labeling that increases undue risk such as:
 - uses for antimicrobial or antiviral protection or related uses or
 - uses for infection prevention or reduction or
 - related uses and does not include particulate filtration claims.
- n Can contact the FDA through:
 - § CDRH-COVID19-SurgicalMasks@fda.hhs.gov;

RESPIRATORS: EUA'S

- FDA does not intend to object to the distribution (including importation) and use of respirators (e.g. N95) identified in the CDC recommendations: Strategies for Optimizing the Supply of N95 Respirators
- n Importers Note: For non-EUA products
 - § Because the FDA cannot confirm the authenticity of these respirators, the
- n FDA recommends that importers take appropriate steps to verify the authenticity of the products they import.
- n Respirators from China need additional authorization.



Country	Performance Standard	Guidance Documents	Primary Regulation	Protection Factor ≥ 10
Australia	AS/NZS 1716:2012	P3 P2	AS/NZS 1715:2009	YES
Brazil	ABNT/NBR 13698:2011	PFF3 PFF2	Fundacentro CDU 614.894	YES
China	GB 2626-2019	KN 100 KP100 KN95 KP95	GB/T 18664—2002	YES
Europe	EN 149-2001	FFP3 FFP2	EN 529:2005	YES
Japan	JMHLW-2000	DS/DL3 DS/DL2	JIS T8150: 2006	YES
Korea	KMOEL-2017-64	Special 1st	KOSHA GUIDE H-82- 2015	YES
Mexico	NOM-116-2009	N100, P100, R100 N99, P99, R99 N95, P95, R95	NOM-116	YES
US NIOSH Requirements	NIOSH approved 42 CFR 84	N100, P100, R100 N99, P99, R99 N95, P95, R95	OSHA 29CFR1910.134	YES



- n Seeking authorization, requests should include
 - § General information
 - § Product labeling
- n Whether the device currently has marketing authorization in another regulatory jurisdiction (including certification number)
- n Whether the device is manufactured in compliance with 21 CFR Part 820, ISO 13485 or an equivalent quality system
- n Description of testing conducted on the device
- n Send requests:
 - § CDRH-NonDiagnosticEUA-Templates@fda.hhs.gov



INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS

n EU Standards

- § BS EN 149: Respiratory protective devices. Filtering half masks to protect against particles
- § EN 14683: Medical face masks Requirements and test methods

n GB Standards

- § GB 19083: Technical requirement for protective face mask for medical use
- § YY/T0969: Single use medical face mask
- § YY 0469: Surgical Masks





SURGICAL AND ISOLATION GOWNS



- n Gowns: Personal protective garment intended to be worn to protect healthcare personnel, visitors, and patients. Regulated under 21 CFR 878.4040
- n FDA Surgical gowns
 - § Class II Medical Devices
 - § FDA Product Code: FYA
 - § Requires 510(k) pre market notification
- n FDA Isolation gowns
 - § Not intended for surgical procedures
 - Class I Medical Devices
 - FDA Product Code: OEA
 - May be exempt from 510(k) premarket notification



SGS SURGICAL AND ISOLATION GOWNS

	Surgical Gowns	Isolation Gowns	
Risk Level	Higher	Lower	
Setting	Specifically used in operating rooms	Non-procedural Isolation Situations	
Protects Against	Microorganisms, body fluids, and particulate matter	Microorganisms and body fluids	
Industry Standard	AAMI PB70: Liquid Barrier Performance And Classification Of Protective Apparel And Drapes In Health Care Facilities		
ASTM Standard	ASTM F2407	ASTM F3352	
FDA Classification	FDA Class II medical devices that require a 510(k) premarket notification.	FDA Class I	



SURGICAL AND ISOLATION GOWNS

- n Four levels of barrier properties for gowns are specified in AAMI PB70 and are included in ASTM standards.

 § AAMI PB70 □ Barrier performance
 § ASTM □ Physical Requirements
 - High Risk
 E.g. Long,
 - E.g. Long, fluid intense procedures, surgery, infection diseases
 - Moderate Risk
 - E.g. Arterial blood draw, inserting an Intravenous (IV) line, in ER,
 - Low Risk
 - E.g. Blood draw, suturing, in the ICU, or a pathology lab
 - Minimal Risk
 - E.g. Basic care, standard isolation, cover gown for visitors



SURGICAL AND ISOLATION GOWNS: EUA'S

- n The FDA does not intend to object to distribution and use (including importation) of the devices below without compliance with certain regulatory requirements, including
 - § 510(k), registration and listing, and
 - § quality system regulation requirements when the devices are tested and labeled consistent with the enforcement policy.
- n Two gown categories:
 - § Minimal-to-Low Barrier Protection
 - § Moderate-to-High Barrier Protection
- n Link: https://www.fda.gov/media/136540/download



SURGICAL AND ISOLATION GOWNS: EUA'S

n Minimal-to-Low Barrier Protection (Level 1 or 2)

- § Shall meet labeling requirements that reduced risk of use where a Level 3 or 4 gown may be warranted
- § Cannot use word "surgical" or allude to use in surgical setting
- § No anti-microbial, or anti-viral protection claims.

n Classified as surgical gown if (increase requirements)

- § Labeled as such or is described as such in its labeling;
- § Has statements relating to moderate or high-level barrier protection; and/or
- Has statements that it is intended to be sterile



SURGICAL AND ISOLATION GOWNS: EUA'S

- n Moderate-to-High Barrier Protection (Level 3 or 4)
 - Meets liquid barrier protection at Level 3 or higher, consistent with ANSI/AAMI PB70
 - Meets the Class I or Class II flammability standard per 16 CFR Part 1610; and
 - § Has been demonstrated to be sterile if intended for use in surgical settings
- n Includes general statements and makes recommendations that would sufficiently reduce the risk of use,
 - § No infection prevention or reduction claims.
 - § No anti-microbial or anti-viral claims.
 - § Others...



SGS INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS

EU Standards

§ EN 14126: Performance requirements and tests methods for protective clothing against infective agents

GB Standards

§ GB 19082: Technical requirements for single use protective clothing for medical use

DISPOSABLE MEDICAL PPE -**GLOVES** Review of Medical Gloves Applicable Medical Device Regulations Impact of COVID-19 EUA



EXAMINATION AND SURGICAL GLOVES



- equipment that are used to protect the wearer and/or the patient from the spread of infection or illness during medical procedures and examinations.
- n Regulated under 21 CFR 880.6250, and 513(a)(1)(A) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act
 - § Class I Medical Devices
 - § Requires 510(k) pre market notification
- n Other Glove FDA Product Codes:

 - § Vinyl (PVC) □ LYZ
 - Polymer (e.g. Nitrile, Polyurethane) 🗆 LZA
 - § Finger Cot □ LZB
 - § Specialty (e.g. chemotherapy) □ LZC



EXAMINATION AND SURGICAL GLOVES



- Surgical Glove: a device made of natural or synthetic rubber intended to be worn by operating room personnel to protect a surgical wound from contamination.
- n Regulated under 21 CFR 880.4460, and 513(a)(1)(A) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act
 - Class I Medical Devices
 - § Requires 510(k) pre market notification
- n FDA Product Codes

 KGO for all of the following
 - § Surgeon's and Microsurgery Glove
 - § Autopsy Surgeons Glove
 - Specialty/Chemotherapy/Radiation Surgeon's Glove



MEDICAL GLOVES



- n ASTM has applicable standards depending on glove's function, type and protection level.
 - § ASTM D3577 Rubber Surgical Gloves
 - § ASTM D3578 Examination Gloves
 - § ASTM D4679 General Purpose (Household)
 - § ASTM D5250 PVC Gloves
 - § ASTM D6319 Nitrile Gloves
 - § ASTM D6977 Neoprene Gloves
 - § ASTM D7103 General Medical Gloves
 - § ASTM D7329 Food Prep and Handling
- n Include requirements for size, tensile strength, freedom of holes etc.



MEDICAL GLOVES: FDA EUA'S

- n Examination Gloves □ FDA temporarily waives:
 - § 501(k) Premarket Notification
 - § Registration and Listing requirements in 21 CFR 807
 - § Others...
- n Cannot create undue risk, thus must...
 - § Product description as "unpowered glove"
 - Not "patient examination" or "surgeon" glove
 - § Accurately labeled sterility status
 - § Include list of body contacting materials
 - § Not include material "free" claims (e.g. latex)
 - § Not include claims that will create use in other settings.
 - § Others...



MEDICAL GLOVES: FDA EUA'S

- n Surgeons Gloves

 FDA temporarily waives:
 - § 501(k) Premarket Notification
 - § Registration and Listing requirements in 21 CFR 807
 - § Others...
- n Cannot create undue risk, thus must...
 - § Surgeon's gloves must meet ASTM D3577
 - § Product description as "unpowered glove"
 - § Accurately labeled sterility status
 - § Include list of body contacting materials
 - § Not include material "free" claims (e.g. latex)
 - § Not include claims that will create use in other settings.
 - § Others...



INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS

n EU Standards

- § EN 455-1: Medical gloves for single use. Part 1. Specification for freedom from holes
- § EN 455-2: Medical gloves for single use. Part 2. Specification for physical properties.

n ISO Standards

- § ISO 10282: Single-use surgical rubber gloves
- § ISO 11193: Single-use rubber examination gloves

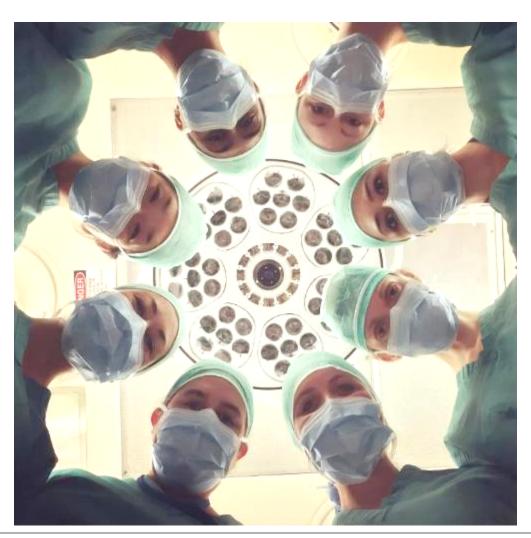
n GB Standards

- § GB 7543: Single-use sterile rubber surgical gloves
- § GB 24786: Single-use non-sterile rubber surgical gloves
- § GB 24787: Single-use sterile PVC surgical gloves

DISPOSABLE MEDICAL PPE - CAPABILITIES







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